



DLA-97-P70216

## ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF CUSTOMER SERVICE CALL CENTER PROJECT

OCTOBER 1997

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**FOR** 

DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY
DEFENSE LOGISTICS SERVICES CENTER

BATTLE CREEK FEDERAL CENTER 74 WASHINGTON AVENUE NORTH BATTLE CREEK, MICHIGAN 49017



INSIGHT THROUGH ANALYSIS

**DORRA** 

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### ECONOMIC ANALYSIS OF CUSTOMER SERVICE CALL CENTER PROJECT

**OCTOBER 1997** 

#### **EDWARD PITT**

# DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY Office of Operations Research and Resource Analysis (DORRA)

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### DEFENSE LOGISTICS AGENCY OPERATIONS RESEARCH AND RESOURCE ANALYSIS DORRA

c/o DEFENSE SUPPLY CENTER RICHMOND RICHMOND, VIRGINIA 23297-5082

#### **FOREWORD**

This study was requested by the Defense Logistics Services Center (DLSC) at the Battle Creek Federal Center in Battle Creek, Michigan. The request was based on DLSC's need to identify and document the costs associated with its Customer Service Call Center Project and to determine the potential savings and benefits which could be achieved as a result of improving its operations. We are indebted to many persons and organizations for their generous expenditures of time and for their expertise. These include: Bob Prillaman at DSCR; CPT Lou Pieri at DSCC; Dianne Klein at FISC Norfolk; Duane Henderson at CASC; and lastly, the study point of contact, Mike Dickman at DLSC.

OHN E. FIRTH

Colonel, USA

Chief, DLA Office of Operations Research and Resource Analysis

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#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

Government agencies have been tasked by National Performance Review initiatives to improve service levels and put their customers first. Executive Order 12862 called on government agencies to establish customer service standards in accordance with the best practices in both business and government and to strive to achieve those standards. A benchmarking study report, issued by a federal consortium consisting of some of the best providers of customer service in business, identified the industry's best practices and specified the areas of improvement required to attain the goal of world-class customer telephone service.

The Defense Logistics Agency Materiel Management (DLA-MM) conducted an agency-wide survey of its customer service centers and determined that the Defense Logistics Services Center (DLSC) was the only activity providing satisfactory service to its customers. Subsequently, DLSC was tasked to manage the telephone service improvement program. As part of this initiative, DLSC proposed the collocation and integration of its call center operations with those of the Defense Reutilization and Marketing Service (DRMS) and the Air Force Cataloging and Standardization Center (CASC), which is scheduled to be incorporated into DLA. The purpose of this study was to conduct an economic analysis in order to assist DLSC in the assessment of the costs and potential benefits of the proposed Integrated Call Center Project.

The call center improvement initiative at DLSC is part of an ongoing effort at DLA to achieve the customer service goals of the Executive Branch and to provide for its customers service levels which approach those of the customer satisfaction leaders in the business world. The Defense Logistics Services Center has implemented a plan which will not only reduce the costs of providing superior customer service, but will also provide measurable quantitative benefits to its customers in the form of faster, more efficient service. This improved efficiency will translate into labor and associated cost savings for DLSC, DRMS, and CASC customers.

The analysis in this study indicated a program, which will result in a positive present value on total costs for the planned integrated call center due to the consolidation of resources and streamlining of supervisory positions. In addition, the estimated potential benefits to the call center customers translates into an overall savings to the government, since fewer resources will be obligated to communications between customers and the call center. The present value of the projected cost savings and customer benefits as determined in this study are summarized in the following table.

|                              | 5 years   | 10 years  |
|------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Call Center Cost Savings     | \$104,187 | \$4,726   |
| Potential Customer Benefits  | \$323,134 | \$583,158 |
| Net Present Value of Project | \$427,321 | \$587,884 |

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#### **SECTION 1**

#### STUDY DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 PROBLEM STATEMENT

Government agencies have been tasked by National Performance Review initiatives to improve service levels and put their customers first. Executive Order 12862 called on government agencies to establish customer service standards in accordance with the best practices in both business and government and to strive to achieve those standards. A benchmarking study report, issued by a federal consortium consisting of some of the best providers of customer service in business, identified the industry best practices and specified the areas of improvement required to attain the goal of world-class customer telephone service.

The Defense Logistics Agency Materiel Management (DLA-MM) conducted an agency-wide survey of its customer service centers and determined that the Defense Logistics Services Center (DLSC) was the only activity providing satisfactory service to its customers. Subsequently, DLSC was tasked to manage the telephone service improvement program. As part of this initiative, DLSC proposed the collocation and integration of its call center operations with those of the Defense Reutilization and Marketing Service (DRMS) and the Air Force Cataloging and Standardization Center (CASC), which is scheduled to be incorporated into DLA. The purpose of this study was to conduct an economic analysis in order to assist DLSC in the assessment of the costs and potential benefits of the proposed Integrated Call Center Project.

#### 1.2 BACKGROUND

#### 1.2.1 OVERVIEW

DLSC, DRMS, and CASC have historically maintained separate call centers that handled incoming requests for information, products, and services. In addition to physical separation, the call centers have maintained separate and exclusive call distribution and data management systems. Each has traditionally been limited in their ability to track performance measures, which, in turn, has hampered efforts to identify and remedy those areas that required improvement in order to provide the best possible service to the ultimate customers.

In accordance with National Performance Review initiatives, independent analysis, and professional consultant recommendations, DLSC has opted to consolidate its customer service operations with those of DRMS and CASC. The consolidation involves physical collocation and system integration in an upgraded facility at the Battle Creek Federal Center.

#### 1.2.2 DEFENSE LOGISTICS SERVICES CENTER

The Defense Logistics Services Center (DLSC), established in 1962, manages information on over 6.2 million supply items used by the federal government. DLSC is responsible for administering the Federal Catalog System (FCS) and uses the Federal Logistics Information System (FLIS) to organize and maintain information from the FCS.

One of the leading products and services DLSC provides for its customers is FED LOG, a searchable database on CD-ROM containing Federal Logistics Data. The DLSC Customer Service Office (CSO) provides customers with assistance in using FED LOG and all DLSC products and services.

#### 1.2.3 DEFENSE REUTILIZATION AND MARKETING SERVICE

The Defense Reutilization and Marketing Service (DRMS) is responsible for the disposal of excess property received from the military services and government agencies. DRMS also manages the Surplus Property Sales program, which sells surplus property to the public that is otherwise not reutilized, transferred or donated. In fiscal year 1996, DRMS managed the disposal of \$4.1 billion worth of property.

#### 1.2.4 CATALOGING AND STANDARDIZATION CENTER

The Air Force Cataloging and Standardization Center (CASC) provides logistics data and program management services, and is responsible for maintaining logistics management data and providing information services in support of Integrated Weapon Systems Management. CASC provides item information, cataloging, and technical services for items managed by the Air Force, and completes logistics maintenance actions for 1.8 million items used throughout the federal government.

#### 1.2.5 CHRONOLOGY

A brief chronology of events associated with the customer service improvement effort follows:

• Executive Order 12862, signed December 1994, mandates that federal agencies develop customer service standards, provide capability to address customer complaints, and "make information, services, and complaint system easily accessible".

- National Performance Review Federal Consortium Benchmark Study Report, February 1995, describes best practices in telephone service and specifies goals for improving service to the American public.
- DLA Materiel Management (MM) conducts baseline customer survey. Inventory Control Point (ICP) commanders conclude that customer telephone service needs significant improvement based on survey results.
- Battelle Team, contracted in March 1995, performs benchmarking study for DLA Supply and Service Centers. Report submitted August 1995 indicates that, based on various performance measures, less than 38 percent of surveyed customers were satisfied with overall DLA telephone service. Only one center, the Defense Logistics Services Center (DLSC), provided "satisfactory" service to its customers.
- DLA-MM tasks DLSC to manage telephone service improvement program.
- December 1995 Commanders Conference establishes Teleservices Improvement Working Group with the following objectives: implement a call center prototype at Defense Supply Center Richmond (DSCR) and a technical pilot at DPSC (C&T); include Defense Depot Regions; develop a plan for other Primary Level Field Activities (PLFAs).
- DSCR call center prototype completed February 1996, three months ahead of schedule.
   DPSC (C&T) pilot completed July 1996. DCSC/DESC consolidation completed at DSCC, July 1996.
- DLA-MM approves charter and plan, July 1996, providing for uniform method of execution.
- The Federal Systems Integration and Management Center (FEDSIM) approves Project Element Plan for DLSC help desk initiative, October 1996.
- DLSC initiates collocation with Defense Reutilization and Marketing Service (DRMS) customer service operations, November 1996.
- DLSC contracts the Bentley Company to conduct review of DLSC/DRMS and Air Force Cataloging and Standardization Center (CASC) customer service operations.
- Collocation of DLSC and DRMS customer service operations completed, January 1997.
- Bentley Company study report, submitted March 1997, recommends physical collocation and full integration of DLSC, DRMS, and CASC customer service operations. Customer Support Administrative Analysis Team concurs.

- CASC and DRMS commanders approve recommendation to collocate and integrate operations with DLSC, April 1997.
- Bentley Group final report, completed June 1997, outlines implementation plan based on final recommendations for collocation and integration of DLSC, DRMS, and CASC call centers.

#### 1.3 OBJECTIVES

The objectives of this study are listed as follows:

- Identify and quantify costs associated with implementing and maintaining DLSC/DRMS/CASC call center collocation and integration.
- Determine projected costs and customer benefits expected to accrue from the consolidated call center.
- Identify and, where possible, quantify benefits from improved customer service levels.

#### 1.4 SCOPE

The analysis in this study was confined to customer service operations for DLSC, DRMS, and CASC at the Battle Creek Federal Center. Overall project functional guidance was provided by the DLSC Program Manager in Battle Creek, Michigan. Operational analysis was performed by the technical support staff assigned by DORO in Richmond, Virginia.

#### 1.5 MAJOR ASSUMPTIONS

The following is a list of the major assumptions used in this study.

- The proposed staffing structure for the integrated call center consists of 19 customer service representatives. It was assumed that this staffing level would be maintained through the duration of the project.
- A standard call center associate grade structure providing career progression at the GS-5, 7,
   9, 11, and 12 levels was proposed in May 1997. It was assumed in the projections of personnel costs for the proposed call center that this grade structure will be approved and implemented.

- Hardware/software upgrades are allocated in the first year of the project. It was assumed that
  upgrades of comparable hardware/software would occur in the sixth year of the project with
  negligible salvage values for the replaced equipment.
- Non-recurring costs expended in FY97 were included in the base year calculations for both the current and proposed call center projections and were therefore effectively treated as sunk costs. These expenditures included operational space design, the ACD portion of the telecommunications upgrade, and technical support costs.
- Costs and benefits are expressed in constant dollars and are not adjusted for inflation.
- Present values of costs and benefits were calculated using a 7% discount rate, based on OMB guidelines for constant-dollar projects with unequal benefits.
- Determination of annual call volumes assumed 250 days per year for call center operations.
- Calculation of customer labor hours assumed 260 days per year and 8 hours per day.
- Incoming calls to the CASC help desk have historically been distributed as approximately 60% military and 40% civilian customers. It was assumed that the grade levels and distribution associated with CASC customers approximates the expected call distribution for the integrated DLSC/DRMS/CASC call center.
- Incoming daily call volume measures were collected by the Bentley Group in May 1997. The total average volume was used in this study as the baseline estimate for the expected daily call volume of the collocated call center. Call volume for existing workload is expected to increase each year. Consequently, the sensitivity analysis employed in this study included a 5% annual inflation of call volume to allow for the expected increased business activity for work already being performed. However, the new workload associated with the Cataloging Consolidation and the Central Contractor Registration (CCR) program will likely increase workload significantly. This new mission requirement was not factored into the analysis since this new workload was undefined at the time the study team conducted the analysis.
- Observations of other DoD call centers indicated similar operations. It was therefore
  assumed for the purposes of this study that performance metrics collected at DSCR and
  DSCC would serve as valid indicators of improvements achievable at the proposed
  DLSC/DRMS/CASC call center.

#### 1.6 OTHER DoD CALL CENTER INITIATIVES

#### 1.6.1 DEFENSE SUPPLY CENTER RICHMOND

The Defense Supply Center Richmond (DSCR) manages through its eight product centers the following items: aircraft components; electrical power and distribution equipment; chemical, electrical, and safety products; batteries and motors; photographic, instrumentation, and fabricated products; industrial machinery.

DSCR's new call center, completed on February 26, 1996, has served as the prototype for the DLA customer service initiative. The call center handles customer inquiries ranging from routine stock availability checks to complex tracking of requisitions or transportation documents. Over 22,000 customers are able to use one number, with the incoming calls automatically distributed to the help desk staff. The call center currently receives approximately 450 to 500 calls per day and is staffed by twelve customer service representatives.

The call center improved its average speed of answer (ASA) from 393 seconds in March 1996 to 73 seconds in January 1997. The 320-second decrease represents an 81 percent overall improvement. This improvement benefits both the call center, which is able to process more calls with greater efficiency, and the customers placing the calls. The benefits achieved include increased customer satisfaction due to shorter calls, reduced frustration, and better problem resolution.

#### 1.6.2 DEFENSE SUPPLY CENTER COLUMBUS

The Defense Supply Center Columbus (DSCC) is responsible for the management of 737,000 line items formerly managed by the Defense Construction Supply Center (DCSC) and the 1.1 million electronic items formerly managed by the Defense Electronics Supply Center (DESC). Fiscal year 1996 sales totaled more than \$1.84 billion.

In December 1994, the center installed a Nortel MSL100 digital switch, with an automatic call distribution (ACD) capability of 500 simultaneous calls. Renovation and integration of the DSCC call center was completed on July 1, 1996. The present help desk staff consists of 20 call center representatives and one supervisor.

Between July 1996 and May 1997, the call center received approximately 15,700 calls per month. The call center improved its average speed of answer from 221 seconds in July 1996 to 75 seconds in May 1997, representing a 66% overall improvement. Similarly, the abandon call rate decreased from 27% to 11% over the same period.

#### 1.6.3 FLEET AND INDUSTRIAL SUPPLY CENTER NORFOLK

The Fleet and Industrial Supply Center (FISC) Norfolk is one of eight Navy supply centers responsible for providing logistics support services and products to Navy and other DoD customers. FISC Norfolk provides logistic support for naval shore installations east of the Mississippi River, Atlantic Fleet ships and units, and various overseas military installations.

FISC Norfolk is currently renovating its call center with an expected completion date of September 1997. The Customer Information Center (CIC) will be staffed by 12 customer service representatives. Telecommunications will utilize the AT&T G3R digital switch recently installed at FISC and currently in use at the Battle Creek Federal Center. The CIC will manage call information using Magic Solutions SupportMagic SQL package.

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#### **SECTION 2**

#### **DLSC CALL CENTER PROJECT**

#### 2.1 BACKGROUND

In March 1995, Battelle was contracted to conduct an assessment of telephone customer service operations and procedures at DLA supply and service centers. The results of that study, released in August 1995, rated all DLA call centers, except DLSC, as unsatisfactory in providing telephone customer service. The findings indicated that DLSC was "the only center with a plan for measuring customer satisfaction or service quality". The report also stated that DLSC was "the best customer service provider of the supply or service centers". Based on the conclusions of the Battelle Report and to satisfy Executive Order 12862, DLSC was tasked with managing the agency-wide initiative to improve call center operations.

DLSC subsequently hired the Bentley Company, a private consulting firm with expertise in customer service improvement, to assess current operations and recommend process and equipment improvements. The initial report, completed in March 1997, recommended collocating and integrating the DLSC and DRMS call centers and, if possible, the Air Force CASC help desk, which is also located in at the Battle Creek Federal Center. Based on these recommendations and independent analyses, DLSC developed and implemented a plan to establish a single integrated call center.

Since implementation, the project has proceeded in four phases. In phase one, the DLSC Customer Service Office (CSO) and Freedom of Information (FOI) help desks were physically collocated with the DRMS help desk. In phase two, the call centers were merged administratively and operations were integrated to utilize the Automatic Call Distributor (ACD) installed in April 1997.

The third phase of the project is expected to be completed October 31, 1997. This phase will entail the physical collocation and integration of the CASC call center with the DLSC/DRMS call center. The call center will occupy a renovated space in Building 1 of the Battle Creek Federal Center.

In phase four of the project, DLSC will implement an integrated concept of operations developed by the Bentley Group. Through recommended process improvements, personnel training, and the use of Magic Solutions SupportMagic SQL, a commercial-off-the-shelf (COTS) software package tailored to managing customer information databases in a call center environment, DLSC expects to improve call center performance metrics in its effort to achieve world-class customer service levels.

#### 2.2 NON-RECURRING PROJECT COSTS

In the first phase of the integration project, DLSC physically collocated the DRMS customer service center with its own. Concurrent telecommunications upgrades at the Battle Creek Federal Center included installation of an AT&T G3R digital switch. An upgraded Automatic Call Distributor (ACD), installed the following month, afforded the proposed integrated call center adequate ACD capability for its expected call volume.

DLSC retained the services of the Mekus Johnson design firm to develop plans for an expanded office space capable of accommodating at least 20 customer service representatives. The General Services Administration (GSA) will have responsibility for the renovation of the new call center workspace. The project costs expended to date and anticipated for 1997 and 1998 are shown in Table 2-1.

Table 2-1: Non-Recurring Project Costs

|                                  | 1997      | 1998      |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
|                                  |           |           |
| Operational Space                |           |           |
| Design                           | \$12,697  |           |
| Building Renovation <sup>1</sup> |           | \$102,160 |
| Equipment                        |           |           |
| Telecommunications <sup>2</sup>  | \$43,050  |           |
| Furniture <sup>3</sup>           |           | \$62,000  |
| Hardware/Software                |           | \$58,986  |
| Misc <sup>4</sup>                |           | \$2,500   |
| Technical Support                |           |           |
| Private Consultants              | \$182,720 |           |
| Government Agencies              | \$32,725  |           |
| Total                            | \$271,192 | \$225,646 |

Includes new ceiling, carpeting, painting, wall coverings, partition construction, glass viewing wall, electrical service to 20 workstations, cat 5 com and data lines from the com closet to the HVAC ducting to the renovation designed prints, minor relocation of existing equipment that conflicts with DLSC submitted prints.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes ACD portion of telecommunications upgrade.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Estimate based on DSCC call center purchases.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes LED Map Board.

#### 2.3 RECURRING PROJECT COSTS

#### 2.3.1 OPERATIONAL SPACE

Both the DLSC/DRMS and CASC call centers currently occupy space in Building 1 of the Battle Creek Federal Center and have a total combined area of 3,488 square feet. The GSA cost to maintain this space is \$38,089 based on the current Building 1 area rate of \$10.92 per square foot. The proposed call center will occupy 4,928 square feet in Building 2 with a total annual GSA cost of \$53,715. The building cost for the proposed call center is \$15,626 over the cost of operations under the current configuration, as shown in Table 2-2.

Table 2-2: GSA Annual Building Costs

| Organization            | Building     | GSA Area Rate      | Area (sq ft) | GSA Cost    |
|-------------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|-------------|
| DLSC/DRMS               | 1            | \$10.92            | 2,450        | \$26,754.00 |
| CASC                    | 1            | \$10.92            | 1,038        | \$11,334.96 |
| Total                   |              |                    | 3,488        | \$38,088.96 |
| DLSC/DRMS/CASC          | 2            | \$10.90            | 4,928        | \$53,715.20 |
| Cost Difference between | n Planned an | d Current Configur | ation        | \$15,626.24 |

#### 2.3.2 PERSONNEL

Current staffing of the collocated DLSC/DRMS call center and the separate CASC help desk requires 25 full time equivalents. The total annual cost for these positions, including fringe benefits, is \$1.25 million. The breakdown by grade level and salary is shown in Table 2-3.

Table 2-3: Personnel Costs for Current Staffing Structure

| Call Center | Grade/Rank <sup>1</sup> | Base<br>Annual Salary <sup>2</sup> | Extended<br>Annual Salary <sup>3</sup> | FTE  | Total Extended<br>Annual Salary |
|-------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--|------|---------------------------------|
|             |                         |                                    |  |      |                                 |
| DLSC/DRMS   | GS-13                   | \$60,583                           | \$80,242                               | 0.3  | \$24,073                        |
|             | GS-11                   | \$42,509                           | \$56,303                               | 15.0 | \$844,548                       |
|             | GS-4                    | \$20,726                           | \$27,452                               | 0.3  | \$8,235                         |
|             |                         |                                    | Subtotal                               | 15.6 | \$876,856                       |
|             |                         |                                    |  |      |                                 |
| CASC        | GS-12                   | \$50,948                           | \$67,481                               | 1.0  | \$67,481                        |
|             | GS-11                   | \$42,509                           | \$56,303                               | 1.0  | \$56,303                        |
|             | GS-9/step 8             | \$38,234                           | \$50,641                               | 0.4  | \$20,256                        |
|             | GS-5                    | \$23,188                           | \$30,713                               | 6.0  | \$184,275                       |
|             | E-7/MSGT <sup>4</sup>   | \$27,309                           | \$49,054                               | 1.0  | \$49,054                        |
|             |                         |                                    | Subtotal                               | 9.4  | \$377,370                       |
|             |                         |                                    | Total                                  | 25.0 | \$1,254,225                     |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Step 5 used for civilian personnel salaries, unless otherwise indicated.

Fringe benefit cost factors was applied to civilian personnel base salaries in order to determine the extended total annual personnel costs. The 32.45% fringe benefit cost factor used in this analysis was derived from OMB Circular No. A-76, Performance of Commercial Activities, Revised Supplemental Handbook, March 1996. The cost factors for civilian personnel are shown in Table 2-4. The standard composite pay rate for active duty military assigned to the call center was based on AFI 65-503 Cost and Planning Factors. The breakdown of cost elements for grade E-7 is shown in Table 2-5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Rest of U.S. Locality Pay Table (2.97%)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Extended annual salary includes 32.45% fringe benefit factor.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Standard composite rate (without PCS) from AFI 65-503 Cost and Planning Factors, Table A19-1, 12 March 1997.

Table 2-4: Fringe Benefit Cost Factors for Federal Civilian Employees

| Standard Retirement (1996 rate)   | 23.7%     |
|---|-----------|
| Insurance and Health Benefits   | 5.6%      |
| Medicare  | 1.45%     |
| Miscellaneous (workmen's compensation, bonuses and awards, and unemployment programs) | 1.7%      |
| Tot   | al 32.45% |

Table 2-5: Military Annual Standard Composite Pay for Grade E-7 (without PCS)

|                       | Total | \$49,054.47 |
|-----------------------|-------|-------------|
| Miscellaneous         |       | \$7,345.54  |
| Incentive Special Pay |       | \$207.01    |
| BAQ/VHA               |       | \$5,289.95  |
| Retired Pay Accrual   |       | \$8,902.79  |
| Basic Pay             |       | \$27,309.18 |

Proposed streamlining of supervisory positions and reduction of the total number of customer service representatives from 21 to 19 under the collocation plan will reduce staffing levels from 25.0 to 21.5 FTEs. It was assumed that the 0.3 FTE currently required by the GS-13 supervisor for the DLSC/DRMS call center will increase to 1.0 FTE in the collocated call center. The proposed staffing structure will have an annual recurring cost of \$1.08 million, representing a reduction of \$169,396 from the cost of the current staffing structure. The proposed staffing structure and associated costs are shown in Table 2-6.

Table 2-6: Personnel Costs for Proposed Staffing Structure

| Fiscal Year | Grade/Rank <sup>1</sup> | Base<br>Annual Salary <sup>2</sup> | Extended<br>Annual Salary <sup>3</sup> | FTE  | Total Extended<br>Annual Salary |
|-------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--|------|---------------------------------|
| 1998        | GS-13                   | \$60,583                           | \$80,242                               | 1.0  | \$80,242                        |
|             | GS-11                   | \$42,509                           | \$56,303                               | 14.0 | \$788,244                       |
|             | GS-5                    | \$23,188                           | \$30,713                               | 5.0  | \$153,563                       |
|             | GS-4                    | \$20,726                           | \$27,452                               | 0.5  | \$13,726                        |
|             | E-7/MSGT <sup>4</sup>   | \$27,309                           | \$49,054                               | 1.0  | \$49,054                        |
|             |                         |                                    | Total                                  | 21.5 | \$1,084,829                     |

A standard call center associate grade structure providing career progression at the GS-5, 7, 9, 11, and 12 levels was proposed in May 1997. For the purposes of this analysis, is was assumed that the proposed grade structure will be approved and implemented.

Appendix A, Figure A-7 shows the projected call center staffing structure incorporating grade progression beginning in 1998 for customer service representatives at the GS-5 level, and 2000 for representatives currently at the GS-11 level. It was assumed that within grade step increases would occur every two years after achievement of target grade levels. Based on this structure, personnel costs are projected to be \$1,307,612 in 2002 and \$1,388,566 in 2007. Total projected personnel costs for the current and proposed structures, along with projected savings, are summarized in Table 2-7.

Table 2-7: Projected Personnel Costs 1998-2007

| Fiscal Year | Current     | Proposed    | Savings   |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
|             |             |             |           |
| 1998        | \$1,254,225 | \$1,084,829 | \$169,396 |
| 1999        | \$1,254,225 | \$1,099,088 | \$155,138 |
| 2000        | \$1,289,618 | \$1,184,648 | \$104,971 |
| 2001        | \$1,289,618 | \$1,227,740 | \$61,878  |
| 2002        | \$1,325,041 | \$1,307,612 | \$17,429  |
| 2003        | \$1,325,041 | \$1,307,612 | \$17,429  |
| 2004        | \$1,359,885 | \$1,348,099 | \$11,786  |
| 2005        | \$1,359,885 | \$1,348,099 | \$11,786  |
| 2006        | \$1,394,730 | \$1,388,566 | \$6,164   |
| 2007        | \$1,394,730 | \$1,388,566 | \$6,164   |

#### 2.4 FORECASTED COSTS AND SAVINGS

Cost of operations were projected for the current organization and staffing structure. The present value of those costs was calculated using a 7% discount rate, based on OMB guidelines for constant-dollar projects with unequal benefits. Under the current organizational structure, the present value of continued operations is \$7.03 million over 5 years and \$11.17 million over 10 years. These figures include the project costs expended in FY97. Appendix A, Figure A-9 shows the projected costs of continued operations under the current staffing structure and physical configuration.

Expenditures in 1997, the base year of the project, were treated as sunk costs and therefore are included in both the current and proposed cost projections. These costs include the design costs for the operational space, the ACD portion of the digital switch installed at the Battle Creek Federal Center, and technical support costs to include private consultants and government agencies. Appendix A, Figure A-10 shows the forecasted costs for the proposed call center. It was assumed that the costs to renovate, furnish, and equip the new workspace will be expended in the first year of the project.

The present value of the cost of the proposed call center is \$6.93 million for 5 years and \$11.16 million for 10 years, using a 7% discount factor. The 5-year present value of the proposed call center costs is \$104,187 lower than the cost of operating the call center under the current staffing structure and configuration. The 10-year present value of cost savings is \$4,726. This reduction in savings over time reflects the increase in personnel costs due to grade level progression within the proposed call center staff. Present values of projected costs and savings are shown in Table 2-8.

Table 2-8: Present Value of Projected Costs and Savings (7% discount rate)

|                            | 5 years     | 10 years     |
|----------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Current Call Center Costs  | \$7,029,835 | \$11,165,180 |
| Proposed Call Center Costs | \$6,925,648 | \$11,160,454 |
| Present Value of Savings   | \$104,187   | \$4,726      |

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#### **SECTION 3**

#### **QUANTITATIVE BENEFITS**

#### 3.1 CALL DURATION IMPROVEMENTS

Average speed of answer (ASA) is the time elapsed from the receipt of an incoming call to actual connection with a customer service representative or an automatic system. Both DSCR and DSCC improved their ASA significantly on incoming calls. Table 3-1 shows the monthly ASAs for both centers for the 11-month period following call center operations startup.

Table 3-1: Average Speed of Answer (seconds)

| Month       | DSCR | Month       | DSCC |
|-------------|------|-------------|------|
|             |      |             |      |
| Mar-96      | 393  | Jul-96      | 221  |
| Apr-96      | 342  | Aug-96      | 152  |
| May-96      | 239  | Sep-96      | 83   |
| Jun-96      | 95   | Oct-96      | 101  |
| Jul-96      | 55   | Nov-96      | 78   |
| Aug-96      | 69   | Dec-96      | 55   |
| Sep-96      | 72   | Jan-97      | 65   |
| Oct-96      | 115  | Feb-97      | 65   |
| Nov-96      | 68   | Mar-97      | 75   |
| Dec-96      | 95   | Apr-97      | 66   |
| Jan-97      | 73   | May-97      | 75   |
| Improvement | 320  | Improvement | 146  |

Both centers achieved a monthly ASA of 70 to 75 seconds eleven months after startup. For DSCR, this represented an overall improvement of 320 seconds, or 5.3 minutes. DSCC, starting from a more favorable position, reduced its ASA by 146 seconds, or 2.4 minutes. The average reduction for the two centers was 233 seconds.

#### 3.2 **LABOR HOUR SAVINGS**

Reduced call length offers potential labor savings to government customers directly involved in telephonic communication with the help desk. It was assumed that the proposed DLSC/DRMS/CASC integrated call center could achieve an average reduction in call length of 233 seconds per call based on the improvements in ASA observed at DSCR and DSCC. The expected labor hour savings to the government associated with this activity are shown in Table 3-2.

Table 3-2: Potential Labor Hour Savings for Call Center Customers

|                                     | CASC      | DLSC CSO <sup>1</sup> | DLSC FOI <sup>2</sup> | DRMS      | Total      |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------|------------|
|                                     |           | •                     |                       |           |            |
| Daily Call Volume <sup>3</sup>      | 92.8      | 109.8                 | 63.6                  | 57.2      | 323.4      |
| Weekly Call Volume <sup>4</sup>     | 464       | 549                   | 318                   | 286       | 1,617      |
| Annual Call Volume <sup>5</sup>     | 23,200    | 27,450                | 15,900                | 14,300    | 80,850     |
| Customer Labor Savings <sup>6</sup> |           |                       |                       |           |            |
| Seconds/Year                        | 5,405,600 | 6,395,850             | 3,704,700             | 3,331,900 | 18,838,050 |
| Hours/Year                          | 1,502     | 1,777                 | 1,029                 | 926       | 5,233      |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> DLSC Customer Service Office

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> DLSC Freedom of Information Office

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Bentley Report, 30 June 1997.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> 5 days/week

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 50 weeks/year

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Based on average call duration improvement of 233 seconds/call.

#### 3.3 DOLLAR SAVINGS

Customer time and resources consumed by telephone communications are unavailable for actual mission requirements. Reducing the time, and therefore customer labor hours, devoted to communications with the call center offers potential savings to the government. The dollar savings associated with reduced labor hours were determined by applying the standard hourly rates of typical customer grade levels to the anticipated reduction in call length.

Approximately 60% of the incoming calls to CASC are from military personnel, with the typical grade ranging from E-2 to E-5. The remaining 40% consist of federal civilian personnel, with the typical grade ranging from GS-7 to GS-9.

Due to a lack of adequate insight into the characteristics of DLSC/DRMS customers, it was assumed for the purposes of this analysis that the grade levels and military/civilian ratio associated with CASC customers approximates the expected call distribution for the integrated DLSC/DRMS/CASC call center.

| Table 3-3: | Hourty | Labor | Kates j | tor Ca | ui C | enter | Customer | S |
|------------|--------|-------|---------|--------|------|-------|----------|---|
|            |        |       |         |        |      |       |          |   |

| Customer | Grade | Basic Annual Rate | Total Annual Rate <sup>1</sup> | Total Hourly Rate <sup>2</sup> |
|----------|-------|-------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
|          |       |                   |                                |                                |
| Military | E-2   | \$12,033.19       | \$23,486.74                    | \$11.29                        |
|          | E-5   | \$19,539.02       | \$37,982.96                    | \$18.26                        |
|          |       |                   | Average                        | \$14.78                        |
| Civilian | GS-7  | \$28,720.00       | \$38,039.64                    | \$18.29                        |
|          | GS-9  | \$35,133.00       | \$46,533.66                    | \$22.37                        |
|          |       |                   | Average                        | \$20.33                        |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total annual composite rate (including PCS) used for military personnel. Fringe benefit cost factor of 32.45% applied to civilian base bay.

It was assumed that incoming calls are approximately equally distributed between grade levels for both military and civilian customers. Therefore, the average hourly rate for military customers was calculated as (\$11.29 + \$18.26)/2 = \$14.78, and (\$18.29 + \$22.37)/2 = \$20.33 for civilian customers. Applying these rates to the appropriate call volume proportion yielded the potential customer dollar savings shown in Table 3-4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Assumes 260 days per year and 8-hour days.

Table 3-4: Potential Dollar Savings for Call Center Customers

|  | CASC     | DLSC CSO | DLSC FOI | DRMS     | Total    |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
|  |          |          |          |          |          |
| Total annual call volume                   | 23,200   | 27,450   | 15,900   | 14,300   | 80,850   |
| Total customer labor savings (hours)       | 1,502    | 1,777    | 1,029    | 926      | 5,233    |
|  |          |          |          |          |          |
| Calls from military personnel <sup>1</sup> | 13,920   | 16,470   | 9,540    | 8,580    | 48,510   |
| Customer labor savings (hours)             | 901      | 1,066    | 617      | 555      | 3,140    |
| Customer dollar savings <sup>2</sup>       | \$13,313 | \$15,751 | \$9,124  | \$8,206  | \$46,393 |
|  |          | •        |          |          |          |
| Calls from civilian personnel <sup>3</sup> | 9,280    | 10,980   | 6,360    | 5,720    | 32,340   |
| Customer labor savings (hours)             | 601      | 711      | 412      | 370      | 2,093    |
| Customer dollar savings <sup>4</sup>       | \$12,211 | \$14,448 | \$8,369  | \$7,526  | \$42,553 |
|  |          |          |          |          |          |
| Total customer dollar savings              | \$25,523 | \$30,199 | \$17,492 | \$15,732 | \$88,946 |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 60% of total.

It was assumed that 50% of the total potential savings could be achieved in the first year of operations and that the full potential savings would be achieved thereafter. Based on this estimated customer dollar savings, the present value of the total potential customer benefits over 5 years is \$323,134, and \$583,158 over 10 years using a 7% discount rate. Adding the potential customer benefits with the expected cost savings for the proposed call center yielded a net present value for all costs and benefits of \$427,321 for 5 years and \$587,884 for 10 years. Present values of cost savings and benefits are summarized in Table 3-5.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Based on \$14.78 hourly labor rate for military customers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 40% of total.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Based on \$20.33 hourly labor rate for civilian customers.

Table 3-5: Present Value of Projected Cost Savings and Benefits (7% discount rate)

|                             | 5 years   | 10 years  |
|-----------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Call Center Cost Savings    | \$104,187 | \$4,726   |
| Potential Customer Benefits | \$323,134 | \$583,158 |
| Net Present Value           | \$427,321 | \$587,884 |

#### 3.4 SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

Sensitivity analysis was conducted by varying the expected call duration improvement and call volume assumptions. In the "low" case, the anticipated call duration improvement of 233 seconds was reduced by 25% to 175 seconds. In addition, the expected average call volume was decrease by 5% annually. Using the previously stated assumptions for achievable benefits based on labor hour requirements, the present value of the potential benefits for 5 years is \$207,170 and \$337,805 for 10 years. The net present value of the project, assuming cost savings do not fluctuate, is \$311,357 for 5 years and \$342,531 for 10 years.

The "high" case assumes a call length improvement of 291 seconds, 25% higher than the base case improvement of 233 seconds. It was also assumed that call volume would increase 5% annually. The resulting present value of benefits is \$471,014 and \$949,271 for 5 and 10 years, respectively. The net present value of the project, assuming costs remain the same, is \$575,202 for 5 years and \$953,997 for 10 years. Results are summarized in Table 3-6.

Table 3-6: Sensitivity Analysis

|                                     | Low       | Base      | High      |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|                                     |           |           |           |
| Call Duration Improvement (seconds) | 175       | 233       | 291       |
| Call Volume Change                  | -5%       | -         | +5%       |
| Present Value of Potential Benefits |           |           |           |
| 5 years                             | \$207,170 | \$323,134 | \$471,014 |
| 10 years                            | \$337,805 | \$583,158 | \$949,271 |
| Net Present Value of Project        | •         |           |           |
| 5 years                             | \$311,357 | \$427,321 | \$575,202 |
| 10 years                            | \$342,531 | \$587,884 | \$953,997 |

#### **SECTION 4**

#### **QUALITATIVE BENEFITS**

#### 4.1 CUSTOMER SATISFACTION

Labor hours and dollars saved contribute significantly to increasing customer satisfaction at the organization level. As previously shown, collective savings for government customers can be realized due to the expected reduction in call duration if the proposed call center plan is fully implemented.

Beyond sheer cost benefits, improvements in ASA as well as other customer satisfaction indicators contribute to the goal of providing the best possible service, and eventually world-class service, to the individual customer. Delays, difficulties, and subsequent frustrations associated with gathering needed information and services can negatively impact the mission readiness and effectiveness of a customer's organization or unit. Improvements on the various customer service metrics serve as indicators of the overall customer satisfaction level.

In addition to ASA, two of the metrics commonly used to measure call center performance are:

- Abandon Rate (Percent Calls Abandoned)
- First Call Resolution (Percent Problem Closed on First Call)

These metrics provide the call center a means of tracking its performance and identifying those areas that require improvement in order to increase customer satisfaction.

#### 4.2 ABANDON RATE

Improvements in abandon rates have been achieved at the DSCR and DSCC call centers since startup, and similar improvements can be expected once the DLSC, DRMS, and CASC call centers are collocated and fully integrated. The abandon rate is defined as the percentage of total calls that are terminated by the customer while waiting for service. Abandon rate is usually related to the ASA: the longer a customer is required to wait to be served the greater the likelihood that the customer will abandon the call in frustration.

DSCR improved its abandon rate from 42% to 13% over the 11-month period resulting in 29% fewer total calls abandoned. From July 1996 to May 1997, DSCC reduced its abandon rate from 27% to 11%. Table 4-1 shows the monthly abandoned call rates for DSCR and DSCC during the 11-month period after startup.

Table 4-1: Abandon Rate (Percent of Total Calls)

| Month  | DSCR | Month  | DSCC |
|--------|------|--------|------|
| Mar-96 | 42%  | Jul-96 | 27%  |
| Apr-96 | 38%  | Aug-96 | 20%  |
| May-96 | 34%  | Sep-96 | 13%  |
| Jun-96 | 18%  | Oct-96 | 13%  |
| Jul-96 | 13%  | Nov-96 | 11%  |
| Aug-96 | 13%  | Dec-96 | 9%   |
| Sep-96 | 15%  | Jan-97 | 9%   |
| Oct-96 | 17%  | Feb-97 | 10%  |
| Nov-96 | 12%  | Mar-97 | 10%  |
| Dec-96 | 17%  | Apr-97 | 10%  |
| Jan-97 | 13%  | May-97 | 11%  |

Abandon rate serves as a measure of the quality of service delivered to the customer and therefore improvements in this metric generally coincide with overall improvement in customer satisfaction. There are also potential quantitative benefits associated with abandon rate. When a customer abandons a call, that individual is forced to attempt to establish contact with a customer service agent at a later time. Customers in this situation essentially double or perhaps triple the time they must dedicate to communications with the call center. Improvements in abandon rate would therefore benefit customers by reducing the time and resources consumed by this activity.

#### 4.3 FIRST CALL RESOLUTION

First call resolution measures the percentage of calls that are completed by a single customer service representative and do not require transfer to another agent. While ASA and abandon rate are dependent on the telecommunications systems in place, first call resolution mostly relies on the knowledge level and training of the customer service representatives and their ability to readily access the information needed to resolve customer problems and inquiries. Table 4-2 shows first call resolution data for DSCR and DSCC.

| Month  | DSCR | DSCC |
|--------|------|------|
|        | •    |      |
| Oct-96 | 69%  | 72%  |
| Nov-96 | 66%  | 71%  |
| Dec-96 | 72%  | 69%  |
| Jan-97 | 70%  | 69%  |
| Feb-97 | 71%  | 68%  |
| Mar-97 | -    | 72%  |
| Apr-97 | 89%  | 72%  |
| May-97 | 90%  | 73%  |

Table 4-2: First Call Resolution

In March 1997, DSCR upgraded its telecommunications to utilize Meridian Max as its automated call distributor (ACD). Subsequently, the call center changed how it measured first call resolution. Calls were previously counted as unresolved if the customer service agent put the customer on hold and contacted another agent or supervisor for assistance. The measurement change more accurately represented this metric by counting a call as unresolved only after the agent either released the call or transferred the call to another party. The apparent improvement in the call center's first call resolution from 71% in February 1997 to 89% in April 1997 is attributed to this measurement change.

In April 1997, DSCR began implementation of Magic Solutions Support Magic SQL, a highly rated commercial-off-the-shelf (COTS) software package tailored to the management of customer and information databases as applied to call center operations. Sophisticated information management software packages such as Magic Solutions allow a call center ready access to customer information and call history, enabling the representative to instantly search for related information in order to facilitate problem resolution. The call center is better able to track customer problems and manage follow-up to customer inquiries.

DSCR is currently utilizing Support Magic to build customer databases that will facilitate future customer service. Using this application, the center can track the percentage of calls by type. Call types include customer orders, status inquiries, and requests for points of contact. The flexibility and expandability of the COTS package will eventually allow the service agent to access external databases providing ready access to the information needed to resolve the call and fully serve the customer. DSCR expects to consequently improve the satisfaction level of its customers and to see associated improvements in performance metrics such as first call resolution.

DSCC has in place a call center management information system (CCMIS) which tracks metrics such as hold time status (ASA), abandon rate, and first call resolution, but currently lacks an integrated COTS package to manage customer information. The percentage of calls resolved on the first call remained relatively stable for DSCC between October 1996 and May 1997.

### **SECTION 5**

#### CONCLUSIONS

The DLSC call center improvement initiative is part of an ongoing effort at DLA to achieve the customer service goals of the Executive Branch and to provide for its customers service levels which approach those of the customer satisfaction leaders in the business world. The Defense Logistics Services Center has implemented a plan which will not only reduce the costs of providing superior customer service, but will also provide measurable quantitative benefits to its customers in the form of faster, more efficient service. This improved efficiency will translate into labor and associated cost savings for DLSC, DRMS, and CASC customers.

The analysis in this study indicated a program that will result in a positive present value on total costs for the planned integrated call center due to the consolidation of resources and streamlining of supervisory positions. In addition, the estimated potential benefits to the call center customers translates into an overall savings to the government, since fewer resources will be obligated to communications between customers and the call center.

### **SECTION 6**

#### REFERENCES

AFI 65-503, Cost and Planning Factors, Table A19-1, 12 March 1997.

DLA Instruction 7041.1, Economic Analysis, 31 March 1997.

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### APPENDIX A

**PROJECT COSTS** 

Figure A-1: Non-Recurring Project Costs for Proposed DLSC/DRMS/CASC Call Center

| Project Year<br>Fiscal Year      | 0<br>1997 | 1<br>1998 | 2<br>1999 | 6<br>2003 |
|----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Operational Space                |           |           |           |           |
| Design                           | \$12,697  |           |           |           |
| Building Renovation <sup>1</sup> |           | \$102,160 |           |           |
| Equipment                        |           | •         |           |           |
| Telecommunications <sup>2</sup>  | \$43,050  |           |           |           |
| Furniture <sup>3</sup>           |           | \$62,000  |           |           |
| Hardware/Software <sup>4</sup>   |           | \$58,986  |           | \$58,986  |
| Misc <sup>5</sup>                |           | \$2,500   |           |           |
| Technical Support                |           |           |           |           |
| Private Consultants              | \$182,720 |           |           |           |
| Government Agencies              | \$32,725  |           |           |           |
| Total                            | \$271,192 | \$225,646 | \$0       | \$58,986  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes new ceiling, carpeting, painting, wall coverings, partition construction, glass viewing wall, electrical service to 20 workstations, cat 5 com and data lines from the com closet to the HVAC ducting to the renovation designed prints, minor relocation of existing equipment that conflicts with DLSC submitted prints.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes ACD portion of telecommunications upgrade.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Estimate based on DSCC purchases.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Assumes hardware/software upgrade in 6th year of project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Includes LED Map Board.

Figure A-2: Government Services Administration (GSA) Annual Building Costs

| Call Center    | Building No. | GSA Area Rate <sup>1</sup> | Area (sq ft) | GSA Cost    |
|----------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| DLSC/DRMS      | 1            | \$10.92                    | 2,450        | \$26,754.00 |
| CASC           | 1            | \$10.92                    | 1,038        | \$11,334.96 |
|                |              | Total                      | 3,488        | \$38,088.96 |
| DLSC/DRMS/CASC | 2            | \$10.90                    | 4,928        | \$53,715.20 |
|                |              | Increase                   | 1,440        | \$15,626.24 |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Based on current rates for the Battle Creek Federal Center.

Figure A-3: Personnel Costs for Current Staffing Structure

| Call Center | Grade/Rank <sup>1</sup> | Base<br>Annual Salary <sup>2</sup> | Extended<br>Annual Salary <sup>3</sup> | FTE  | Total Extended<br>Annual Salary |
|-------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--|------|---------------------------------|
| DLSC/DRMS   | GS-13                   | \$60,583                           | \$80,242                               | 0.3  | \$24,073                        |
|             | GS-11                   | \$42,509                           | \$56,303                               | 15.0 | \$844,548                       |
|             | GS-4                    | \$20,726                           | \$27,452                               | 0.3  | \$8,235                         |
|             |                         |                                    | Subtotal                               | 15.6 | \$876,856                       |
| CASC        | GS-12                   | \$50,948                           | \$67,481                               | 1.0  | \$67,481                        |
|             | GS-11                   | \$42,509                           | \$56,303                               | 1.0  | \$56,303                        |
|             | GS-9/step 8             | \$38,234                           | \$50,641                               | 0.4  | \$20,256                        |
|             | GS-5                    | \$23,188                           | \$30,713                               | 6.0  | \$184,275                       |
|             | E-7/MSGT <sup>4</sup>   | \$27,309                           | \$49,054                               | 1.0  | \$49,054                        |
|             |                         |                                    | Subtotal                               | 9.4  | \$377,370                       |
|             |                         |                                    | Total                                  | 25.0 | \$1,254,225                     |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Step 5 used for civilian personnel salaries, unless otherwise indicated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Rest of U.S. Locality Pay Table (2.97%)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Extended annual salary includes 32.45% fringe benefit factor.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Standard composite rate (without PCS) from AFI 65-503 Cost and Planning Factors, Table A19-1, 12 March 1997.

Figure A-4: Fringe Benefit Cost Factors for Federal Civilian Employees

| Cost Factor   | Percent    |
|---|------------|
| Standard Retirement (1996 rate)                                 | 23.7%      |
| Insurance and Health Benefits                                   | 5.6%       |
| Medicare  | 1.45%      |
| Miscellaneous   | 1.7%       |
| (workmen's compensation, bonuses, awards, unemployment programs | s)         |
| Tot   | tal 32.45% |

Figure A-5: Military Annual Standard Composite Pay for Grade E-7 (without PCS)

| Basic Pay             |       | \$27,309.18 |
|-----------------------|-------|-------------|
| Retired Pay Accrual   |       | \$8,902.79  |
| BAQ/VHA               |       | \$5,289.95  |
| Incentive Special Pay |       | \$207.01    |
| Miscellaneous         |       | \$7,345.54  |
|                       | Total | \$49,054.47 |

, Figure A-6: Projected Personnel Costs for Current Staffing Structure

| 1998/1999    | a 1                     | Base                       | Extended                   |      | Total Extended       |
|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------|----------------------|
| Call Center  | Grade/Rank <sup>*</sup> | Annual Salary              | Annual Salary <sup>3</sup> | FTE  | Annual Salary        |
| DLSC/DRMS    | GS-13                   | \$60,583                   | \$80,242                   | 0.3  | \$24,073             |
|              | GS-11                   | \$42,509                   | \$56,303                   | 15.0 | \$844,548            |
|              | GS-4                    | \$20,726                   | \$27,452                   | 0.3  | \$8,235              |
|              |                         |                            | Subtotal                   | 15.6 | \$876,856            |
| CASC         | GS-12                   | \$50,948                   | \$67,481                   | 1.0  | \$67,481             |
|              | GS-11                   | \$42,509                   | \$56,303                   | 1.0  | \$56,303             |
|              | GS-9/step 8             | \$38,234                   | \$50,641                   | 0.4  | \$20,256             |
|              | GS-5                    | \$23,188                   | \$30,713                   | 6.0  | \$184,275            |
|              | E-7/MSGT <sup>4</sup>   | \$27,309                   | \$49,054                   | 1.0  | \$49,054             |
|              |                         |                            | Subtotal                   | 9.4  | \$377,370            |
|              |                         |                            | Total                      | 25.0 | \$1,254,225          |
| 2000/2001    |                         | Base                       | Extended                   |      | Total Extended       |
| Organization | Grade/Rank <sup>1</sup> | Annual Salary <sup>2</sup> | Annual Salary <sup>3</sup> | FTE  | <b>Annual Salary</b> |
| DLSC/DRMS    | GS-13/step 6            | \$62,365                   | \$82,602                   | 0.3  | \$24,781             |
|              | GS-11/step 6            | \$43,759                   | \$57,959                   | 15.0 | \$869,382            |
|              | GS-4/step 6             | \$21,336                   | \$28,260                   | 0.3  | \$8,478              |
|              |                         |                            | Subtotal                   | 15.6 | \$902,641            |
| CASC         | GS-12/step 6            | \$52,447                   | \$69,466                   | 1.0  | \$69,466             |
|              | GS-11/step 6            | \$43,759                   | \$57,959                   | 1.0  | \$57,959             |
|              | GS-9/step 9             | \$39,267                   | \$52,009                   | 0.4  | \$20,804             |
|              | GS-5/step 6             | \$23,870                   | \$31,616                   | 6.0  | \$189,695            |
|              | E-7/MSGT <sup>4</sup>   | \$27,309                   | \$49,054                   | 1.0  | \$49,054             |
|              |                         |                            | Subtotal                   | 9.4  | \$386,978            |
|              |                         |                            | Total                      | 25.0 | \$1,289,618          |
| 2002/2003    |                         | Base                       | Extended                   |      | Total Extended       |
| Organization | Grade/Rank <sup>1</sup> | Annual Salary <sup>2</sup> | Annual Salary <sup>3</sup> | FTE  | Annual Salary        |
| DLSC/DRMS    | GS-13/step 7            | \$64,147                   | \$84,963                   | 0.3  | \$25,489             |
|              | GS-11/step 7            | \$45,010                   | \$59,616                   | 15.0 | \$894,236            |
|              | GS-4/step 7             | \$21,946                   | \$29,067                   | 0.3  | \$8,720              |
|              |                         |                            | Subtotal                   | 15.6 | \$928,445            |

| CASC         | GS-12/step 7            | \$53,946                   | \$71,451                   | 1.0  | \$71,451       |
|--------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------|----------------|
|              | GS-11/step 7            | \$45,010                   | \$59,616                   | 1.0  | \$59,616       |
|              | GS-9/step 10            | \$40,300                   | \$53,377                   | 0.4  | \$21,351       |
|              | GS-5/step 7             | \$24,553                   | \$32,520                   | 6.0  | \$195,123      |
|              | E-7/MSGT <sup>4</sup>   | \$27,309                   | \$49,054                   | 1.0  | \$49,054       |
|              |                         |                            | Subtotal                   | 9.4  | ,              |
|              |                         |                            | Total                      | 25.0 | \$1,325,041    |
| 2004/2005    |                         | Base                       | Extended                   |      | Total Extended |
| Organization | Grade/Rank <sup>1</sup> | Annual Salary <sup>2</sup> | Annual Salary <sup>3</sup> | FTE  | Annual Salary  |
| -            |                         | v                          | <b>5</b>                   |      | y              |
| DLSC/DRMS    | GS-13/step 8            | \$65,929                   | \$87,323                   | 0.3  | \$26,197       |
|              | GS-11/step 8            | \$46,260                   | \$61,271                   | 15.0 | \$919,071      |
|              | GS-4/step 8             | \$22,556                   | •                          | 0.3  | \$8,963        |
|              |                         |                            | Subtotal                   | 15.6 | \$954,230      |
|              |                         |                            |                            |      | ŕ              |
| CASC         | GS-12/step 8            | \$55,444                   | \$73,436                   | 1.0  | \$73,436       |
|              | GS-11/step 8            | \$46,260                   | \$61,271                   | 1.0  | \$61,271       |
|              | GS-9/step 10            | \$40,300                   | \$53,377                   | 0.4  | \$21,351       |
|              | GS-5/step 8             | \$25,235                   | \$33,424                   | 6.0  | \$200,543      |
|              | E-7/MSGT <sup>4</sup>   | \$27,309                   | \$49,054                   | 1.0  | \$49,054       |
|              |                         |                            | Subtotal                   | 9.4  | \$405,655      |
|              |                         |                            |                            |      |                |
|              |                         |                            | Total                      | 25.0 | \$1,359,885    |
| 2006/2007    |                         | Base                       | Extended                   |      | Total Extended |
| Organization | Grade/Rank <sup>1</sup> | Annual Salary <sup>2</sup> | Annual Salary <sup>3</sup> | FTE  | Annual Salary  |
| DLSC/DRMS    | GS-13/step 9            | \$67,710                   | \$89,682                   | 0.3  | \$26,905       |
|              | GS-11/step 9            | \$47,510                   | \$62,927                   | 15.0 | \$943,905      |
|              | GS-4/step 9             | \$23,166                   | \$30,683                   | 0.3  | \$9,205        |
|              |                         |                            | Subtotal                   | 15.6 | \$980,015      |
| CASC         | GS-12/step 9            | \$56,943                   | \$75,421                   | 1.0  | \$75,421       |
|              | GS-11/step 9            | \$47,510                   | \$62,927                   | 1.0  | \$62,927       |
|              | GS-9/step 10            | \$40,300                   | \$53,377                   | 0.4  | \$21,351       |
|              | GS-5/step 9             | \$25,917                   | \$34,327                   | 6.0  | \$205,962      |
|              | E-7/MSGT <sup>4</sup>   | \$27,309                   | \$49,054                   | 1.0  | \$49,054       |
|              |                         | . – . ,                    | Subtotal                   | 9.4  | \$414,716      |
|              |                         |                            |                            | 2    | 4.21,110       |
|              |                         |                            | Total                      | 25.0 | \$1,394,730    |

• Figure A-7: Projected Personnel Costs for Proposed Staffing Structure in Collocated DLSC/DRMS/CASC Call Center

|             |                         | Base                       | Extended                   |      | Total Extended |
|-------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------|----------------|
| Fiscal Year | Grade/Rank <sup>1</sup> | Annual Salary <sup>2</sup> | Annual Salary <sup>3</sup> | FTE  | Annual Salary  |
| 1998        | GS-13                   | \$60,583                   | \$80,242                   | 1.0  | \$80,242       |
|             | GS-11                   | \$42,509                   | \$56,303                   | 14.0 | \$788,244      |
|             | GS-5                    | \$23,188                   | \$30,713                   | 5.0  | \$153,563      |
|             | GS-4                    | \$20,726                   | \$27,452                   | 0.5  | \$13,726       |
|             | E-7/MSGT <sup>4</sup>   | \$27,309                   | \$49,054                   | 1.0  | \$49,054       |
|             |                         |                            | Total                      | 21.5 | \$1,084,829    |
| 1999        | GS-13                   | \$60,583                   | . \$80,242                 | 1.0  | \$80,242       |
|             | GS-11                   | \$42,509                   | \$56,303                   | 14.0 | \$788,244      |
|             | GS-7/step 1             | \$25,341                   | \$33,564                   | 5.0  | \$167,821      |
|             | GS-4                    | \$20,726                   | \$27,452                   | 0.5  | \$13,726       |
|             | E-7/MSGT <sup>4</sup>   | \$27,309                   | \$49,054                   | 1.0  | \$49,054       |
|             | ,                       |                            | Total                      | 21.5 | \$1,099,088    |
| 2000        | GS-13/step 6            | \$62,365                   | \$82,602                   | 1.0  | \$82,602       |
|             | GS-12/step 1            | \$44,953                   | \$59,540                   | 14.0 | \$833,563      |
|             | GS-9/step 1             | \$31,000                   | \$41,060                   | 5.0  | \$205,298      |
|             | GS-4/step 6             | \$21,336                   | \$28,260                   | 0.5  | \$14,130       |
|             | E-7/MSGT <sup>4</sup>   | \$27,309                   | \$49,054                   | 1.0  | \$49,054       |
|             |                         | ·                          | Total                      | 21.5 | \$1,184,648    |
| 2001        | GS-13/step 6            | \$62,365                   | \$82,602                   | 1.0  | \$82,602       |
|             | GS-12/step 1            | \$44,953                   | \$59,540                   | 14.0 | \$833,563      |
|             | GS-11/step 1            | \$37,507                   | \$49,678                   | 5.0  | \$248,390      |
|             | GS-4                    | \$21,336                   | \$28,260                   | 0.5  | \$14,130       |
|             | E-7/MSGT <sup>4</sup>   | \$27,309                   | \$49,054                   | 1.0  | \$49,054       |
|             |                         |                            | Total                      | 21.5 | \$1,227,740    |
| 2002/03     | GS-13/step 7            | \$64,147                   | \$84,963                   | 1.0  | \$84,963       |
|             | GS-12/step2             | \$46,452                   | \$61,526                   | 14.0 | \$861,359      |
|             | GS-12/step 1            | \$44,953                   | \$59,540                   | 5.0  | \$297,701      |
|             | GS-4/step 7             | \$21,946                   | \$29,067                   | 0.5  | \$14,534       |
|             | E-7/MSGT <sup>4</sup>   | \$27,309                   | \$49,054                   | 1.0  | \$49,054       |
|             |                         |                            | Total                      | 21.5 | \$1,307,612    |

| 2004/05 | GS-13/step 8          | \$65,929 | \$87,323 | 1.0  | \$87,323    |
|---------|-----------------------|----------|----------|------|-------------|
|         | GS-12/step 3          | \$47,951 | \$63,511 | 14.0 | \$889,155   |
|         | GS-12/step 2          | \$46,452 | \$61,526 | 5.0  | \$307,628   |
|         | GS-4/step 8           | \$22,556 | \$29,875 | 0.5  | \$14,938    |
|         | E-7/MSGT <sup>4</sup> | \$27,309 | \$49,054 | 1.0  | \$49,054    |
|         |                       |          | Total    | 21.5 | \$1,348,099 |
| 2006/07 | GS-13/step 9          | \$67,710 | \$89,682 | 1.0  | \$89,682    |
|         | GS-12/step 4          | \$49,449 | \$65,495 | 14.0 | \$916,933   |
|         | GS-12/step 3          | \$47,951 | \$63,511 | 5.0  | \$317,555   |
|         | GS-4/step 9           | \$23,166 | \$30,683 | 0.5  | \$15,342    |
|         | E-7/MSGT <sup>4</sup> | \$27,309 | \$49,054 | 1.0  | \$49,054    |
|         |                       |          | · Total  | 21.5 | \$1,388,566 |

Figure A-8: Projected Personnel Cost-Savings for Proposed Call Center Staffing Structure

| Fiscal Year | Current     | Proposed    | Savings   |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| 1998        | \$1,254,225 | \$1,084,829 | \$169,396 |
| 1999        | \$1,254,225 | \$1,099,088 | \$155,138 |
| 2000        | \$1,289,618 | \$1,184,648 | \$104,971 |
| 2001        | \$1,289,618 | \$1,227,740 | \$61,878  |
| 2002        | \$1,325,041 | \$1,307,612 | \$17,429  |
| 2003        | \$1,325,041 | \$1,307,612 | \$17,429  |
| 2004        | \$1,359,885 | \$1,348,099 | \$11,786  |
| 2005        | \$1,359,885 | \$1,348,099 | \$11,786  |
| 2006        | \$1,394,730 | \$1,388,566 | \$6,164   |
| 2007        | \$1,394,730 | \$1,388,566 | \$6,164   |

Figure A-9: Present Value of Projected Call Center Costs with Current Staffing Structure and Configuration

| Project Year<br>Fiscal Year   | 1997   | 1<br>1998                  | 2<br>1999                  | 3 2000                             | 4 2001                              | 5<br>2002                  | 6<br>2003                  | 7<br>2004   | 8<br>2005   | 9 2006               | 10                         |
|---|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|-------------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| Non-Recurring Costs Operational Space Design Equipment                  | \$12,697   |                            |                            |                                    |                                     |                            |                            |   |             |                      |                            |
| Telecommunications <sup>1</sup><br>Technical Support                    | \$43,050   |                            |                            |                                    |                                     |                            |                            |   |             |                      |                            |
| Private Consultants<br>Government Agencies<br>Total Non-Recurring Costs | \$182,720<br>\$32,725<br>\$271,192                 | 0\$                        | 0\$                        | 80                                 | 80                                  | 80                         | 0\$                        | 08  | 08          | 80                   | 80                         |
| Recurring Costs Operations & Maintenance                                |  |                            |                            |                                    |                                     |                            |                            |   |             |                      |                            |
| GSA Building Telecommunications <sup>2</sup> Personnel                  | \$38,089   | \$38,089                   | \$38,089                   | \$38,089                           | \$38,089                            | \$38,089                   | \$38,089<br>\$12,000       | \$38,089  | \$38,089    | \$38,089<br>\$12,000 | \$38,089                   |
| Salaries & Benefits<br>Total Recurring Costs                            | \$1,254,225 \$1,254,225<br>\$1,304,314 \$1,304,314 | \$1,254,225<br>\$1,304,314 | \$1,254,225<br>\$1,304,314 | \$1,289,618<br><b>\$1,339,7</b> 07 | \$1,289,618<br>\$1,339,707          | \$1,325,041<br>\$1,375,130 | \$1,325,041<br>\$1,375,130 | \$1,359,885<br>\$1,409,974  | \$1,359,885 | \$1,394,730          | \$1,394,730<br>\$1,444,819 |
| Total Costs   | \$1,575,506 \$1,304,314                            | \$1,304,314                | \$1,304,314                | \$1,339,707                        | \$1,304,314 \$1,339,707 \$1,339,707 |                            | \$1,375,130                | \$1,375,130 \$1,375,130 \$1,409,974 \$1,409,974 \$1,444,819 \$1,444,819 | \$1,409,974 | \$1,444,819          | \$1,444,819                |
| Present Value <sup>3</sup> of Total Costs<br>5 years<br>10 years        | \$7,029,835<br>\$11,165,180                        |                            |                            |                                    |                                     |                            |                            |   |             |                      |                            |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes ACD portion of telecommunications upgrade.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Estimate from Bentley Report, 30 June 1997.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> 7% discount rate.

Figure A-10: Present Value of Projected DLSC/DRMS/CASC Call Center Costs with Proposed Staffing Structure and Collocation

| Project Year<br>Fiscal Year   | 0<br>1997  | 1<br>1998                                    | 2<br>1999                             | 3 2000                                | 4 2001                                | 5<br>2002   | 6<br>2003   | 7 2004                                | 8<br>2005                                   | 9                                     | 10                                    |
|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Non-Recurring Costs Operational Space Design Building Renovation Equipment Telecomunications <sup>2</sup> Furniture <sup>3</sup> Hardware/Software <sup>4</sup> Misc <sup>5</sup> Technical Support Private Consultants Government Agencies Total Non-Recurring Costs | \$12,697<br>\$43,050<br>\$32,720<br>\$32,725<br>\$2711,192 | \$102,160<br>\$62,000<br>\$58,986<br>\$2,500 | 95                                    | 9                                     | 05                                    |   | \$58,986  | 25                                    | 99  | <b>S</b>                              |                                       |
| Recurring Costs Operations & Maintenance GSA Building Telecommunications Hardware/Software Personnel  | \$38,089   | \$53,715<br>\$12,000                         | \$53,715<br>\$12,000<br>\$15,000      | \$53,715<br>\$12,000<br>\$15,000      | \$53,715<br>\$12,000<br>\$15,000      | \$53,715<br>\$12,000<br>\$15,000                                      | \$53,715<br>\$12,000<br>\$15,000  | \$53,715<br>\$12,000<br>\$15,000      | \$53,715<br>\$12,000<br>\$15,000            | \$53,715<br>\$12,000<br>\$15,000      | \$53,715<br>\$12,000<br>\$15,000      |
| Training Costs  | \$1,254,225<br>\$1,304,314                                 | \$1,084,829<br>\$10,000<br>\$1,160,545       | \$1,099,088<br>\$1,000<br>\$1,180,803 | \$1,184,648<br>\$1,000<br>\$1,266,363 | \$1,227,740<br>\$1,000<br>\$1,309,455 | \$1,227,740 \$1,307,612<br>\$1,000 \$1,000<br>\$1,309,455 \$1,389,327 | \$1,307,612<br>\$1,000<br>\$1,389,327   | \$1,348,099<br>\$1,000<br>\$1,429,814 | \$1,348,099<br>\$1,000<br>\$1,429,814       | \$1,388,566<br>\$1,000<br>\$1,470,282 | \$1,388,566<br>\$1,000<br>\$1,470,282 |
| Total Costs  Present Value of Total Costs 5 years   | \$1,575,506  | \$1,386,191                                  | \$1,180,803                           | \$1,266,363                           | \$1,309,455                           | \$1,389,327   | \$1,575,506 \$1,386,191 \$1,180,803 \$1,266,363 \$1,309,455 \$1,389,327 \$1,448,313 \$6,925,648 | \$1,429,814                           | S1,429,814 S1,429,814 S1,470,282 S1,470,282 | \$1,470,282                           | \$1,470,282                           |
| 10 years  | \$11,160,454   |  |                                       |                                       |                                       |   |   |                                       |   |                                       |                                       |

Includes new ceiling, carpeting, painting, wall coverings, partition construction, glass viewing wall, electrical service to 20 workstations, cat 5 com and data lines from the com closet to the HVAC ducting to the renovation designed prints, minor relocation of existing equipment that conflicts with DLSC submitted prints.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Includes ACD portion of telecommunications upgrade.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Estimate based on DSCC purchases.

<sup>\*</sup> Assumes upgrade of comparable hardware/software in 6th year of project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Includes LED Map Board.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Estimate from Bentley Report, 30 June 1997.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Estimate based on expected maintenance costs at FISC.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Estimate from Bentley Report, 30 June 1997.

<sup>9 7%</sup> discount rate.

Figure A-11: Projected Total Costs of Current and Proposed Call Centers

| Project | Fiscal | Total       | Costs       | •          | Discount            | Present    |           |
|---------|--------|-------------|-------------|------------|---------------------|------------|-----------|
| Year    | Year   | Current     | Proposed    | Difference | Factor <sup>1</sup> | Value      | Total     |
| 0       | 1997   | \$1,575,506 | \$1,575,506 | \$0        | 1.0000              | \$0        |           |
| 1       | 1998   | \$1,304,314 | \$1,386,191 | (\$81,876) | 0.9346              | (\$76,520) |           |
| 2       | 1999   | \$1,304,314 | \$1,180,803 | \$123,512  | 0.8734              | \$107,880  |           |
| 3       | 2000   | \$1,339,707 | \$1,266,363 | \$73,344   | 0.8163              | \$59,871   |           |
| 4       | 2001   | \$1,339,707 | \$1,309,455 | \$30,252   | 0.7629              | \$23,079   |           |
| 5       | 2002   | \$1,375,130 | \$1,389,327 | (\$14,197) | 0.7130              | (\$10,122) | \$104,187 |
| 6       | 2003   | \$1,375,130 | \$1,448,313 | (\$73,183) | 0.6663              | (\$48,765) |           |
| 7       | 2004   | \$1,409,974 | \$1,429,814 | (\$19,840) | 0.6227              | (\$12,355) |           |
| 8       | 2005   | \$1,409,974 | \$1,429,814 | (\$19,840) | 0.5820              | (\$11,547) |           |
| 9       | 2006   | \$1,444,819 | \$1,470,282 | (\$25,462) | 0.5439              | (\$13,850) |           |
| 10      | 2007   | \$1,444,819 | \$1,470,282 | (\$25,462) | 0.5083              | (\$12,944) | \$4,726   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 7% discount factor.

Figure A-12: Projected Total Costs of Current and Proposed Call

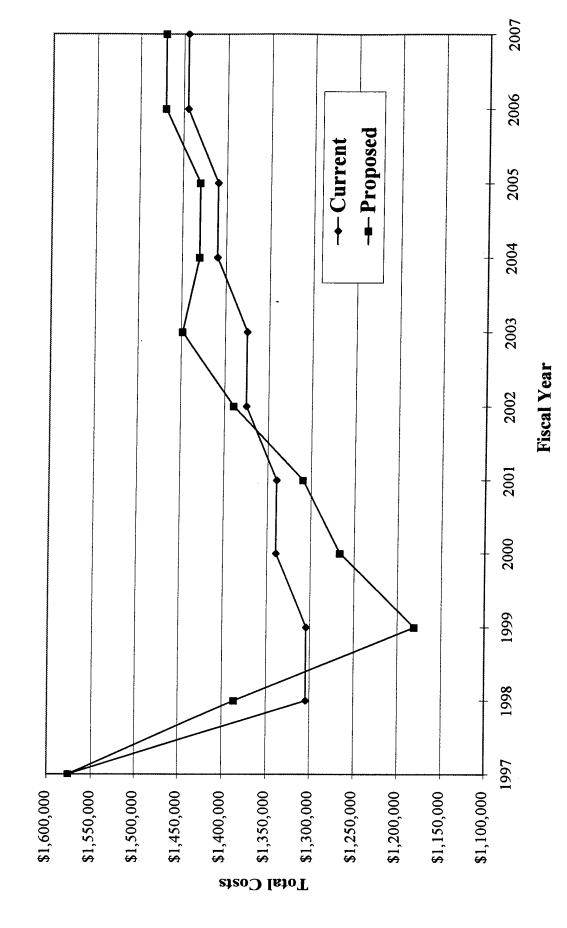


Figure A-13: Present Value of Proposed Call Center Cost Savings

|                                       | 5 years     | 10 years     |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| <b>Current Call Center Costs</b>      | \$7,029,835 | \$11,165,180 |
| <b>Proposed Call Center Costs</b>     | \$6,925,648 | \$11,160,454 |
| Present Value <sup>1</sup> of Savings | \$104,187   | \$4,726      |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 7% discount rate

### APPENDIX B

# **QUANTITATIVE BENEFITS**

Figure B-1: Average Speed of Answer (seconds) for DSCR and DSCC Call Centers

| Month                | DSCR  | DSCC  |
|----------------------|-------|-------|
| Mar-96               | 393 . |       |
| Apr-96               | 342   |       |
| May-96               | 239   |       |
| Jun-96               | 95    |       |
| Jul-96               | 55    | 221   |
| Aug-96               | 69    | 152   |
| Sep-96               | 72    | 83    |
| Oct-96               | 115   | 101   |
| <b>Nov-96</b>        | 68    | 78    |
| Dec-96               | 95    | 55    |
| Jan-97               | 73    | 65    |
| Feb-97               |       | 65    |
| Mar-97               |       | 75    |
| Apr-97               |       | 66    |
| <b>May-97</b>        |       | 75    |
| 11-month improvement | 320   | 146   |
| Percent improvement  | 81.4% | 66.1% |

Figure B-2: Average Speed of Answer (ASA) for DSCR and DSCC Call Centers

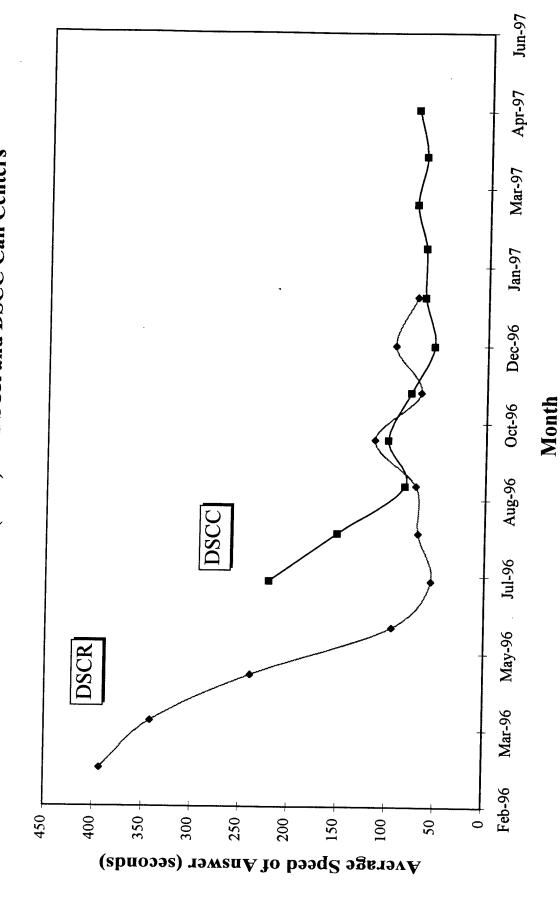


Figure B-3: Potential Labor Hour Savings for Call Center Customers

|                                     | <b>CASC</b>        | DLSC CSO <sup>1</sup> | <b>DLSC FOI</b> <sup>2</sup> | <b>DRMS</b>      | <b>Total</b>               |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| Daily Call Volume <sup>3</sup>      | 92.8               | 109.8                 | 63.6                         | 57.2             | 323.4                      |
| Weekly Call Volume <sup>4</sup>     | 464                | 549                   | 318                          | 286              | 1,617                      |
| Annual Call Volume <sup>5</sup>     | 23,200             | 27,450                | 15,900                       | 14,300           | 80,850                     |
| Customer Labor Savings <sup>6</sup> |                    |                       |                              |                  |                            |
| Seconds/Year<br>Hours/Year          | 5,405,600<br>1,502 | 6,395,850<br>1,777    | 3,704,700<br>1,029           | 3,331,900<br>926 | 18,838,050<br><b>5,233</b> |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> DLSC Customer Service Office

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> DLSC Freedom of Information Office

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Bentley Report, 30 June 1997.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> 5 days/week

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> 50 weeks/year

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Based on average call duration improvement of 233 seconds/call.

Figure B-4: Hourly Labor Rates for Call Center Customers

| Customer | Grade | Basic Annual Rate | <b>Total Annual Rate</b> | <b>Total Hourly Rate</b> |
|----------|-------|-------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Military | E-2   | \$12,033.19       | \$23,486.74              | \$11.29                  |
|          | E-5   | \$19,539.02       | \$37,982.96              | \$18.26                  |
|          |       |                   | Average                  | \$14.78                  |
| Civilian | GS-7  | \$28,720.00       | \$38,039.64              | \$18.29                  |
|          | GS-9  | \$35,133.00       | \$46,533.66              | \$22.37                  |
|          |       |                   | Average                  | \$20.33                  |

Figure B-5: Potential Dollar Savings for Call Center Customers Based on Improvements in Average Call Duration

|  | <u>CASC</u> | DLSC CSO | DLSC FOI | <u>DRMS</u> | <b>Total</b> |
|--|-------------|----------|----------|-------------|--------------|
| Total annual call volume                   | 23,200      | 27,450   | 15,900   | 14,300      | 80,850       |
| Total customer labor savings (hours)       | 1,502       | 1,777    | 1,029    | 926         | 5,233        |
| Calls from military personnel <sup>1</sup> | 13,920      | 16,470   | 9,540    | 8,580       | 48,510       |
| Customer labor savings (hours)             | 901         | 1,066    | 617      | 555         | 3,140        |
| Customer dollar savings <sup>2</sup>       | \$13,313    | \$15,751 | \$9,124  | \$8,206     | \$46,393     |
| Calls from civilian personnel <sup>3</sup> | 9,280       | 10,980   | 6,360    | 5,720       | 32,340       |
| Customer labor savings (hours)             | 601         | 711      | 412      | 370         | 2,093        |
| Customer dollar savings <sup>4</sup>       | \$12,211    | \$14,448 | \$8,369  | \$7,526     | \$42,553     |
| Total customer dollar savings              | \$25,523    | \$30,199 | \$17,492 | \$15,732    | \$88,946     |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 60% of total.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Based on \$14.78 hourly labor rate for military customers.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  40% of total.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Based on \$20.33 hourly labor rate for civilian customers.

Figure B-6: Present Value of Potential Customer Benefits

### Potential

|        |             | 1 Otential                     |                              |               |           |
|--------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------|-----------|
| Period | Fiscal Year | Customer Benefits <sup>1</sup> | Discount Factor <sup>2</sup> | Present Value | Total     |
| 0      | 1997        | \$0                            | 1.0000                       | \$0           |           |
| 1      | 1998        | \$44,473                       | 0.9346                       | \$41,564      |           |
| 2      | 1999        | \$88,946                       | 0.8734                       | \$77,689      |           |
| 3      | 2000        | \$88,946                       | 0.8163                       | \$72,607      |           |
| 4      | 2001        | \$88,946                       | 0.7629                       | \$67,857      |           |
| 5      | 2002        | \$88,946                       | 0.7130                       | \$63,417      | \$323,134 |
| 6      | 2003        | \$88,946                       | 0.6663                       | \$59,269      | ,         |
| 7      | 2004        | \$88,946                       | 0.6227                       | \$55,391      |           |
| 8      | 2005        | \$88,946                       | 0.5820                       | \$51,768      |           |
| 9      | 2006        | \$88,946                       | 0.5439                       | \$48,381      |           |
| 10     | 2007        | \$88,946                       | 0.5083                       | \$45,216      | \$583,158 |
|        |             |                                |                              |               |           |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Assumes 50% of potential annual benefits achievable in first year of project.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> At 7% discount rate.

Figure B-7: Net Present Value of Projected Costs and Benefits

|                                   | 5 years   | 10 years  |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Current Call Center Costs         | \$0       | \$0       |
| <b>Proposed Call Center Costs</b> | \$0       | \$0       |
| Cost Savings                      | \$0       | \$0       |
| Potential Customer Benefits       | \$323,134 | \$583,158 |
| Net Present Value <sup>1</sup>    | \$323,134 | \$583,158 |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> 7% discount rate

### APPENDIX C

## **SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS**

Figure C-1: Present Value of Projected Customer Benefits with Reduced Call Duration Improvement and Decreasing Call Volume

| Call Duration Improvement (seconds)<br>Change in Call Volume            | 175<br>-5%               |                           |                             |                             |                            |                             | )   |                 |                            |   |                            |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|-----------------|----------------------------|---|----------------------------|
| Project Year<br>Fiscal Year   | 0<br>1997                | 1<br>1998                 | 2<br>1999                   | 3<br>2000                   | 4<br>2001                  | 5<br>2002                   | 6<br>2003   | 7 2004          | 8<br>2005                  | 9   | 10 2007                    |
| Daily Call Volume<br>Weekly Call Volume<br>Annual Call Volume           | 323.4<br>1,617<br>80,850 | 307.23<br>1,536<br>76,808 | 291.8685<br>1,459<br>72,967 | 277.2751<br>1,386<br>69,319 | 263.411<br>1,317<br>65,853 | 250.2408<br>1,251<br>62,560 | 250.2408 237.7287 2<br>1,251 1,189<br>62,560 59,432 | 1,129<br>56,461 | 14.5502<br>1,073<br>53,638 | 203.82266 193.63153<br>1,019 968<br>50,956 48,408 | 193.63153<br>968<br>48,408 |
| Potential Customer Labor Savings (hours)                                |                          | 1,864                     | 3,542                       | 3,365                       | 3,197                      | 3,037                       | 2,885   | 2,741           | 2,604                      | 2,473   | 2,350                      |
| Potential Customer Dollar Savings                                       | \$0                      | \$31,691                  | \$60,213                    | \$57,202                    | \$54,342                   | \$51,625                    | \$49,044  | \$46,592        | \$44,262                   | \$42,049  | \$39,947                   |
| Present Value <sup>1</sup> of Potential Benefits<br>5 years<br>10 years | \$207,170<br>\$337,805   |                           |                             |                             |                            |                             |   |                 |                            |   |                            |

<sup>1</sup> 7% discount rate

Figure C-2: Present Value of Projected Customer Benefits with Increased Call Duration Improvement and Increasing Call Volume

| Call Duration Improvement (seconds)<br>Change in Call Volume      | 291<br>5%                |                          |                          |                          |                          |                           | D                         |                           | 2                         |                           |                           |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Project Year<br>Fiscal Year                                       | 0<br>FY97                | 1<br>FY98                | 2<br>FY99                | 3<br>FY00                | 4<br>FY01                | 5<br>FY02                 | 6<br>FY03                 | 7<br>FY04                 | 8<br>FY05                 | 9<br>FY06                 | 10<br>FY07                |
| Daily Call Volume<br>Weekly Call Volume<br>Annual Call Volume     | 323.4<br>1,617<br>80,850 | 339.6<br>1,698<br>84,893 | 356.5<br>1,783<br>89,137 | 374.4<br>1,872<br>93,594 | 393.1<br>1,965<br>98,274 | 412.7<br>2,064<br>103,187 | 433.4<br>2,167<br>108,347 | 455.1<br>2,275<br>113,764 | 477.8<br>2,389<br>119,452 | 501.7<br>2,508<br>125,425 | 526.8<br>2,634<br>131,696 |
| Potential Customer Labor Savings (hours)                          | r                        | 3,434                    | 7,211                    | 7,572                    | 7,951                    | 8,348                     | 8,766                     | 9,204                     | 9,664                     | 10,147                    | 10,655                    |
| Potential Customer Dollar Savings                                 | \$0                      | \$58,378                 | \$122,594                | \$128,724                | \$135,160                | \$141,918                 | \$149,014                 | \$156,465                 | \$164,288                 | \$172,503                 | \$181,128                 |
| Present Value <sup>1</sup> of Potential Benefits 5 years 10 years | \$471,014<br>\$949,271   |                          |                          |                          |                          |                           |                           |                           |                           |                           |                           |

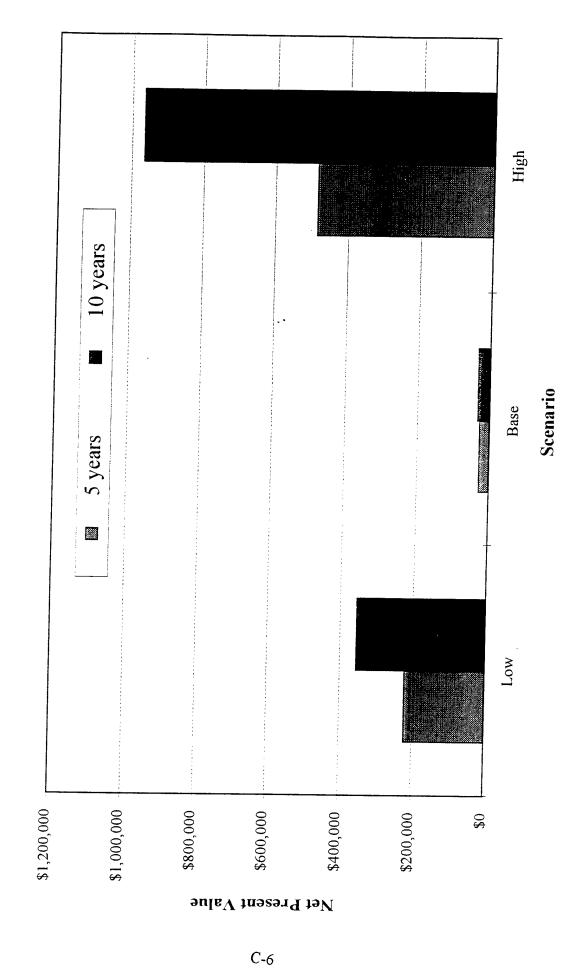
<sup>1</sup> 7% discount rate

Figure C-3: Net Present Value of Projected Cost Savings and Benefits under Low, Base, and High Scenarios

|                                     | Low       | <b>Base</b> | <u>High</u> |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|
| Call Duration Improvement (seconds) | 175       | 233         | 291         |
| Call Volume Change                  | -5%       | -           | 5%          |
| Present Value of Potential Benefits |           |             |             |
| 5 years                             | \$207,170 | \$13,313    | \$471,014   |
| 10 years                            | \$337,805 | \$15,751    | \$949,271   |
| Net Present Value <sup>1</sup>      |           |             |             |
| 5 years                             | \$221,090 | \$27,233    | \$484,934   |
| 10 years                            | \$354,275 | \$32,221    | \$965,741   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> At 7% discount rate. Includes present value of projected cost savings.

Figure C-4: Net Present Value of Projected Cost Savings and Benefits



## APPENDIX D

# QUALITATIVE BENEFITS

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Figure D-1: Abandon Rate (Percent of Total Calls) for DSCR and DSCC

| Month                | DSCR | DSCC |
|----------------------|------|------|
| Mar-96               | 42%  |      |
| Apr-96               | 38%  |      |
| May-96               | 34%  |      |
| Jun-96               | 18%  |      |
| Jul-96               | 13%  | 27%  |
| Aug-96               | 13%  | 20%  |
| Sep-96               | 15%  | 13%  |
| Oct-96               | 17%  | 13%  |
| <b>Nov-96</b>        | 12%  | 11%  |
| Dec-96               | 17%  | 9%   |
| Jan-97               | 13%  | 9%   |
| Feb-97               |      | 10%  |
| Mar-97               |      | 10%  |
| Apr-97               |      | 10%  |
| <b>May-97</b>        |      | 11%  |
| 11-month improvement | 29%  | 16%  |

Figure D-2: Abandon Rate for DSCR and DSCC Call Centers

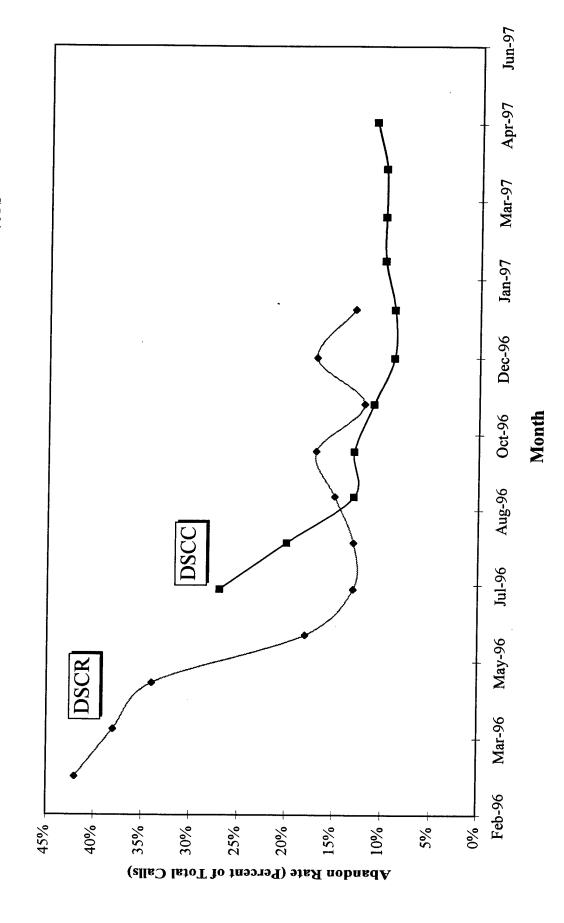


Figure D-3: First Call Resolution for DSCR and DSCC Call Centers

| Month  | $\mathbf{DSCR}^{1}$ | DSCC |  |
|--------|---------------------|------|--|
| Jul-96 | -                   | 71%  |  |
| Aug-96 | -                   | 72%  |  |
| Sep-96 | -                   | 74%  |  |
| Oct-96 | 69%                 | 72%  |  |
| Nov-96 | 66%                 | 71%  |  |
| Dec-96 | 72%                 | 69%  |  |
| Jan-97 | 70%                 | 69%  |  |
| Feb-97 | 71%                 | 68%  |  |
| Mar-97 | -                   | 72%  |  |
| Apr-97 | 89%                 | 72%  |  |
| May-97 | 90%                 | 73%  |  |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Telecommunications upgrade in March 1997.

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### APPENDIX E

**GLOSSARY OF TELECOMMUNICATION TERMS** 

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#### GLOSSARY OF TELECOMMUNICATION TERMS

AC alternating current
ACD automatic call distributor
ACR attenuation to crosstalk ratio
ADSL asymmetric digital subscriber line
AIN advanced intelligent network
ANI automatic number identification

ASCII American standard code for information interchange

application programming interface

ATM asynchronous transfer mode

AUI autonomous (or attachment) unit interface

AWG American wire gauge

API

BPV bipolar variations BRI basic rate interface

CAD/CAM computer aided design/computer aided manufacturing

CAP competitive access provider

CATV cable television
CBF computer-based fax

CBX computerized branch exchange

CCTV closed circuit television

CDDI copper distributed data interface CDMA code division multiple access CDPD cellular digital packet data

CDR call detail recording

CICS customer information control system

CIS customer information system

CO central office

CPE customer-provided equipment

CPU central processing unit

CRC cyclical redundancy checking

CSMA/CD carrier sense multiple access with collision detection

CSU/DSU channel service unit/data service unit CTI computer telephony integration

dB decibels

DCE data communications equipment

DDS digital data system
DES data encryption standard
DID direct inward dialing
DIP dual in-line package

DNIS dialed number identification system

DOS disk operating system

DS direct sequence

DSL digital subscriber line

DSX digital system cross-connect frame

DTE data terminal equipment

El European version of North American T1; at 2.048 Mb/s.

EC electronic commerce

ECTF enterprise computer telephony forum

EDI electronic data exchange

EIA electronic industries association
ELEC enterprise local exchange carrier
EMI electromagnetic interference

FCC Federal Communications Commission

FDDI fiber distributed data interface

FH frequency hopping

FRAD frame relay access devices

FTP file transfer protocol

GB gigabyte; one billion bits
GB/s one billion bits per second
GHz gigahertz; one billion hertz
GIF graphics interface format
GPS global positioning system

GSM global standard for mobile communications

GUI graphical user interface

HDSL high-speed digital subscriber line
HTML hyper text markup language
HTTP hyper text transfer protocol

ICR intelligent call router

ID identification

IEEE institute of Electrical and Electronic Engineers

IEN integrated enterprise network

IP Internet protocol

IPX Internet packet exchange IS information systems

ISA industry standard architecture
ISDN integrated services digital network

ISM industrial scientific medical IT information technology IVR interactive voice response

IX interexchange

IXC interexchange carrier

kb/s kilobits per second; one thousand bits per second

kV kilovolts; one thousand volts

LAN local area network

LATA local access and transport area

LCD liquid crystal display

LDAP lightweight directory access protocol

LEC local exchange carrier
LED light emitting diode
LLC logical link control

MAN metropolitan area network

MAU math acceleration (or multistation access) unit

MB megabytes; one million bytes

Mb/s megabits per second; one million bits per second MCU multipoint control (or multipoint conferencing) unit

MHz megahertz; one million hertz
MIS management information systems

MMDS multichannel microwave distribution service

NANP North American numbering plan NBO networked business objects

NEXT near-end crosstalk

NOS network operating system

NT new technology, usually known as Windows NT

OAM operations, administration, and maintenance

OCR optical character recognition; or outgoing call restriction

OS/2 operating system/2

OSI open systems interconnection
OTDR optical time domain reflectometer

PACS personal access communications service

PAP packet-level procedure
PBX private branch exchange
PC personal computer

PCI peripheral component interconnect

PCMCIA personal computer memory card international association

PCS personal communications service

PDA personal digital assistant PDU protocol data unit

PIN personal identification number

POF plastic optical fiber
PPP point-to-point protocol
PRI primary rate interface

PSTN public switched telephone network

PTT post telephone and telegraph administration

RAM random access memory

RBOC regional Bell operating company

RF radio frequency

RFI radio frequency interference

RMON remote monitoring ROM read only memory

SCADA supervisory control and data acquisition

SCS structured cabling system
SDLC synchronous data link control
SDSL symmetric digital subscriber line
SMDR station message detail reporting

SMDS switched megabit (or multimegabit) data services

SMTP/MIME simple mail transport protocol and multipurpose Internet mail extensions

SNA systems network architecture

SNMP simple network management protocol

SPX sequenced packet exchange
SQL structured query language
SST self-service terminal
STP shielded twisted pair

T1 digital transmission link at 1.544 Mb/s (1,544,000 bits per second)

T3 28 T1 lines; 44.736 million bits per second telephony application programming interface TCP/IP transmission control protocol/Internet protocol

TDM time division multiplexing
TDMA time division multiple access
TFTP trivial file transfer protocol

TSAPI telephony services application programming interface

UHF ultra high frequency

UPS uninterruptible power supply UTP unshielded twisted pair

VAN value-added network
VR voice recognition
VRU voice response unit

VSAT very small aperture terminal

WAN wide area network

WDM wave division multiplexing

WLL wireless local loop

Source: Communications News, 1997. Http://www.comnews.com/c10glos0.htm

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